TOKYO: UNTIL 2 JUNE 1997 HIROSHIMA: 2 AUGUST > 15 SEPTEMBER 1997

Art in Southeast Asia

Glimpses into the future

The artists of Southeast Asia are creating remarkable works of art as they face the new social and cultural realities of the nineties and search for their own modes of expression. These forms of expression are unique in Southeast Asia and differ significantly from American, European, or Japanese contemporary art. In these countries, the position of the artists and art itself seems to be different from that in the West or Japan. Many of the artists produce work rooted in the life of the community, and their artistic investigations often have what might be called a moralistic tendency. Naturally, this is reflected in the formal aspects of their work.





A number of exhibitions introducing the art of Asia have been held in Japan in recent years. Art in Southeast Asia is de-

signed to provide a comprehensive presentation of the contemporary art of this area, including painting and installations with strongly local characteristics rather than the more sophisticated forms of expression seen in the contemporary art of the West and Japan.

This exhibition focuses on the fundamental role of art and artists demonstrated by the current art of five Southeast Asian countries: Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. The exhibition will include 80 works, some of them made especially for this exhibition, by 17 individuals or groups representing these countries, grouped under three headings

Crossroads of Culture

Southeast Asia is the site of great cultural diversity. Traditional indigenous cultures exist side by side with remnants of Western colonial cultures and cultural influences from India and China brought in by immigrants. More recently deep inroads have been made by the urban consumer culture of the United States as well as a subculture of Japanese cartoons and popular music, accelerating the process of diversification. Out of the criss-crossing of these varied cultural paths a new hybrid culture is taking form.

Artists are seeking their own cultural identity in this environment, referring to the cultures of the specific ethnic groups to which they belong or actively incorporating the new hybrid culture as they create works of art suited to the present age. The artists introduced here are doing experimental work with a contemporary viewpoint, making use of a broad range of cultural motifs including the mythical heritage of their peoples, religious feelings, implements used in everyday life, and kitsch and folk culture. Not content to be involved in a simpleminded traditionalism implying a return to, or reinterpretation of, traditional artistic techniques, they are creating new forms of art based on the cultural conditions found in the places where they live.

The artists are: Brenda Fajardo (the Philippines), Chandrasekaran (Singapore), Liew Kung Yu (Malaysia), Montien Boonma (Thailand), Navin Production Co. Ltd. (Thailand) The Shifting Region of the 'I' Individual identity in Southeast Asia is threatened by rapid modernization and the huge influx of foreign culcure. Older social orders and value systems are breaking down, and individuals previously supported by a stable community and family network find themselves cast into a state of uncertainty and confusion. Artists have embarked on a search for personal identity, attempting to bring some stability to a self which is cracked, warped and split.

Individual identity is inevitably involved with ethnic identity. For an artist of Chinese extraction, a minority in the multi-ethnic nation of Malaysia, there is a close link between the origin and history of his family and his present self.

Changes in feudal systems of values have had led to changes in the position of women in society. For women artists, exploring the issue of identity necessarily entails an inquiry into the meaning of being a woman. Southeast Asian women are examining this issue seriously but without becoming strident.

Artists: Agus Suwage (Indonesia), Chatchai Puipia (Thailand), Eng Hwee Chu (Malaysia), Imelda Cajipe-Endaya (the Philippines), Pinaree Sanpitak (Thailand), Wong Hoy Cheong (Malaysia)

Social Statement

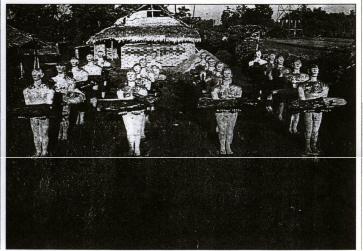
The rush to modernize in Southeast Asia has brought phenomenal economic growth, but with an inevitable shadow side. A building boom The Horn Bill and t by Agus Suwage (Ince Missionary (1996) ———————onesia)

has left the larg with high-rise it cities bristling struggling with grchitecture but including traffic cowing problems, lution, and rampngestion, air-poltrial developmentur slums. Industrial developmentur slums in department of the naturalation and polludamaged life in senvironment and fishing willages. Thall farming and lems in implemere are also probprotecting humaiting democracy, venting gender d rights, and pretaising the social primination, and

These problemsistion of women. exclusive to Southare certainly not faced in every past Asia. They are today. But that det of the world fact that they ares not change the from which Southart of the reality cannot escape. Thast Asian artists observing the rese artists react by attentively, makity around them ments, and active assertive state-selves in the life ofinvolving themthis stance, their ociety. Because of portain messages in contains imvited in the stance of the stanc

Artists: Nunelucio Alvarado (the Philippines), Arahmaiani (Indonesia), Dadang Christanto (Indonesia), Moelyono (Indonesia), Sanggawa (the Philippines), Semsar Siahaan (Indonesia).

Uncle Pan, from the project 'Pha Khao Mar on Tour' (1997) by the Navin Production Co.,Ltd. (Thailand)



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